

Lenham Primary School

Take Pride; Be Proud

Ham Lane Lenham Kent ME17 2LL

Phone: 01622 858260 www.lenham.kent.sch.uk

Headteacher: Mrs Andrea McCluskey

Child Protection Policy

September 2018

Document history:		
Written by Anji Martin		
Reviewed by		
Agreed by the governing body on:		8/1/19
Review date:		Sept 2019
Signed:		8/1/19
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	Chair of Governors	

Lenham Primary School Child Protection Policy 2018

Key Contact Personnel in School

Designated Safeguarding Lead: Anji Martin, Class teacher, SLT

Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead(s): Louise Culver, Deputy Headteacher Andrea McCluskey, Headteacher

Named Safeguarding Governor: Ceri Norey

This is a core policy that forms part of the induction for all staff. It is a requirement that all members of staff have access to this policy and sign to say they have read <u>and</u> understood its contents

Date written: (September 2018)

Date agreed and ratified by Governing Body:

(8/1/19)

Date of next review: (Sept 2019)

This policy will be reviewed <u>at least</u> annually and/or following any updates to national and local guidance and procedures.

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What to do if you have a welfare concern in Lenham Primary School

Why are you concerned?

- For example
 - Allegation/ child shares a concern or worry
 - Indicators of abuse or neglect

Immediately record your concerns

- Follow the schools procedure Complete a green form (study room wall) share concerns with DSL
 - o Reassure the child
 - Clarify concerns if necessary (TED: Tell, Explain, Describe)
 - Use child's own words
 - o Sign and date your records
 - Seek support for yourself if required from DSL

Inform the Designated Safeguarding Lead Anji Martin

Designated Safeguarding Lead

- Consider whether the child is at immediate risk of harm e.g. unsafe to go home
- Access the KSCB Support Level Guidance document and procedures: <u>www.kscb.org.uk</u>
- Refer to other agencies as appropriate e.g. Internal or community services, LADO, Police or Request for Support
- If unsure then consult with Area Education Safeguarding Adviser Gemma Wilson 03000 412445 or Local Authority Social Worker at Central Referral Unit 03000 41 11 11

If you are unhappy with the response

Staff:

- Follow local escalation procedures
- Follow Whistleblowing procedures
- https://www.kelsi.org.uk/child-protection-andsafeguarding/safeguarding-contacts

Pupils and Parents:

 Follow school complaints procedures (http://www.lenham.kent.sch.uk/learn-more/policies/

Record decision making and action taken in the pupil's Child Protection/safeguarding file

Monitor

Be clear about:

- What you are monitoring e.g. behaviour trends, appearance etc.
- How long you will monitor
- Where, how and to whom you will feedback and how you will record

Review and request further support (if necessary)
Weekly SLT Safeguarding agenda

Ongoing concerns to be followed up by attached DSL

At all stages the child's circumstances will be kept under review

The DSL/Staff will request further support if required to ensure the **child's safety** is **paramount**

1. Introduction and Ethos

- Lenham Primary School is a community and all those directly connected (staff, volunteers, governors, parents, families and pupils) have an essential role to play in making it safe and secure. Lenham Primary School recognises our statutory responsibility to safeguard and promote the welfare of all children.
- Lenham Primary School recognises the importance of providing an ethos and environment within school that will help children to be safe and feel safe. In our school children are respected and encourage to talk openly.
- Our school core safeguarding principles are:
 - We are an important part of the wider safeguarding system for children.
 - o It is our whole school responsibility to safeguard and promote the welfare of children.
 - All children (defined as those up to the age of 18) regardless of age, gender, ability, culture, race, language, religion or sexual identity, have equal rights to protection.
 - o All children have a right to be heard and to have their wishes and feelings taken into account.
 - o All our staff understand safe professional practice and adhere to our safeguarding policies.

2. Definition of Safeguarding

- "Safeguarding is not just about protecting children, learners and vulnerable adults from deliberate harm, neglect and failure to act. It relates to broader aspects of care and education." (Inspecting safeguarding in early years, education and skills settings, Ofsted, September 2018).
- All safeguarding policies will be reviewed on an annual (minimum) basis by the Governing Body which
 has responsibility for oversight of school safeguarding and child protection systems. The Designated
 Safeguarding Lead / Head Teacher will ensure regular reporting on safeguarding activity and systems
 in school to the Governing Body. The Governing Body will not receive details of individual pupil
 situations or identifying features of families as part of their oversight responsibility.
- There are four main elements to our child protection policy
 - Prevention (e.g. positive, supportive, safe school culture, curriculum and pastoral opportunities for children, safer recruitment procedures);
 - Protection (by following the agreed procedures, ensuring all staff are trained and supported to respond appropriately and sensitively to safeguarding concerns);
 - Support (for all pupils, parents and staff, and where appropriate specific intervention for those who may be at risk of harm);
 - Working with parents and other agencies (to ensure appropriate communications and actions are undertaken).
- The procedures contained in this policy apply to all staff (including temporary staff and volunteers) and governors and are consistent with those of Kent Safeguarding Children Board (KSCB).

3. Context

- This policy has been developed in accordance with the principles established by the Children Acts 1989 and 2004 and related guidance. This includes:
 - o DfE guidance Keeping Children Safe in Education 2018 (KCSIE)
 - Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018 (WTSC)
 - o Ofsted guidance 'Inspecting safeguarding in early years, education and skills settings' (2018)

- o Framework for the Assessment of Children in Need and their Families (2000)
- Kent and Medway Safeguarding Children Procedures (Online)
- Early Years and Foundation Stage Framework 2017 (EYFS)
- Section 175 of the Education Act 2002 requires school governing bodies, local education authorities
 and further education institutions to make arrangements to safeguard and promote the welfare of all
 children who are pupils at a school, or who are students under 18 years of age. Such arrangements
 will have to have regard to any guidance issued by the Secretary of State.
- The school acknowledges that this policy recognises a range of specific safeguarding issues including (but not limited to):
 - Bullying (including cyberbullying)
 - Children and the court system
 - Children Missing Education (CME)
 - Children with family members in prison
 - Child missing from home or care
 - Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE)
 - Child criminal exploitation (County Lines)
 - Domestic Abuse
 - Homelessness
 - Drugs and alcohol misuse
 - Fabricated or induced illness
 - Faith abuse
 - Female Genital Mutilation (FGM)
 - Forced marriage
 - o Gangs and youth violence
 - Gender based abuse and violence against women and girls
 - Hate
 - Honour based abuse
 - Mental health
 - Missing children and adults
 - Online safety
 - o Peer on Peer Abuse
 - Prevent duty (radicalisation and extremism)
 - Private fostering
 - o Relationship abuse
 - o Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children
 - Human trafficking and modern slavery
 - Youth produced sexual imagery or "Sexting"

(Also see Annex A within 'Keeping children safe in education' 2018)

4. Related Safeguarding Policies

- This policy is one of a series in the school's integrated safeguarding portfolio and should be read in conjunction with the policies as listed below:
 - o Absconding
 - o Behaviour Management, linked to the Use of Physical Intervention
 - Confidentiality
 - o Online Safety and Social Media
 - Anti-Bullying
 - Data Protection and Information Sharing
 - Image Use
 - Relationships and Sex Education
 - Personal and Intimate Care
 - Health and Safety
 - Looked After Children
 - Attendance (Children Missing Education)
 - Risk Assessments (e.g. school trips, use of technology)
 - First Aid and Accidents
 - Managing Allegations Against Staff
 - Code of Conduct for Staff (including Acceptable Use of Technology/AUP)
 - Staff Behaviour Policy (including Acceptable Use of Technology)
 - Safer Recruitment
 - Visitors and Volunteers in School Guidelines
 - Whistleblowing

Supporting Guidance (to be read and followed alongside this document) This documentation is in a black lever arch file in the Study Room

- Teachers Standards 2012
- "Safeguarding Disabled Children Practice Guidance" DOH, 2009
- "Guidance for Safer Working Practice for Adults who Work with Children and Young People in Education Settings" - Safer Recruitment Consortium, October 2015
- "What to do if you are worried a child is being abused" DfE, March 2015
- KSCB document: "Safe Practice with Technology Guidance for Adults who Work with Children and Young People"
- KCC Safeguarding Children and Child Protection "Induction Leaflet Guidelines for School Staff"
- o KCC Guidelines for "Safeguarding Record Keeping in Schools"
- o KCC Advice notes "Dealing with Disclosures in School"
- Early Years Foundation Stage 2017 Welfare Requirements
- These documents can be found in at....staff share-safeguarding-supporting documents 2018 and a hard copy of each can be found in the Safeguarding file in the Study Room
- They are also available to access via the links in the appendix of this document

5. Key Responsibilities

- The governing body have read and will follow KCSIE 2018.
- The school has a nominated governor for safeguarding. The nominated governor will take the lead role
 in ensuring that the school has an effective policy which interlinks with other related policies; that
 locally agreed procedures are in place and being followed; and that the policies are reviewed at least
 annually and when required.
- The Governing Body, Headteacher and Leadership Team will ensure that the DSL is properly supported in their role.

5.1 Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)

- The school has appointed a member of the leadership team Anji Martin (SLT; Class teacher), as the
 Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL). The DSL has the overall responsibility for the day to day
 oversight of safeguarding and child protection systems in school.
- The DSL will undergo appropriate and specific training to provide them with the knowledge and skills
 required to carry out their role. The DSL and any deputy DSL's training will be updated formally every
 two years but their knowledge and skills will be updated through a variety of methods at regular
 intervals and at least annually.
- Deputy DSLs are trained to the same standard as the DSL. Whilst the activities of the DSL may be
 delegated to the deputies, the ultimate lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection
 remains with the DSL and this responsibility will not be delegated.

It is the role of the DSL to:

- Act as the central contact point for all staff to discuss any safeguarding concerns
- Maintain a confidential recording system for safeguarding and child protection concerns
- Coordinate safeguarding action for individual children
 - In the case of Children Looked After the DSL should have the details of the child's social worker and the name of the virtual school head in the authority that looks after the child (with the DSL liaising closely with the designated teacher)
- Liaise with other agencies and professionals in line with WTSC 2018
- Ensure that locally established referral procedures are followed as necessary
- Represent, or ensure the school is appropriately represented at multi-agency safeguarding meetings (including Child Protection conferences)
- Manage and monitor the school's role in any multi-agency plan for a child.
- Be available during term time (during school hours) for staff in the school to discuss any safeguarding concerns
- Ensure all staff access appropriate safeguarding training and relevant updates in line with the recommendations within KCSIE (2018)

5.2 Members of Staff

- All members of staff have a responsibility to:
- To provide a safe environment in which children can learn.
- Be prepared to identify children who may benefit from early help.

- Consider wider environmental factors in a child's life that may be a threat to their safety and/or welfare.
- To understand the early help process and their role in it.
- To understand your schools safeguarding policies and systems.
- To undertake regular and appropriate training which is regularly updated.
- Be aware of the process of making referrals to children's social care and statutory assessment under the Children Act 1989.
- Know what to do if a child tells them that he or she is being abused or neglected.
- Know how to maintain an appropriate level of confidentiality.
- Be aware of the indicators of abuse and neglect so that they are able to identify cases of children who may be in need of help or protection.
- All members of staff in Lenham Primary School know what to do if a child tells them he/she is being
 abused or neglected. Members of staff know to maintain an appropriate level of confidentiality whilst at
 the same time liaising with relevant professionals such as the DSL and other agencies as appropriate.
 Members of staff know they must never promise a child that they will not tell anyone about a concern
 or allegation as this may ultimately not be in the best interests of the child. See appendix 3 for advice
 for staff on responding to safeguarding concerns.
- The welfare and safety of children are the responsibility of all staff in school and ANY concern for a pupil's welfare MUST always be reported to the Designated Safeguarding Lead(s).

5.3 Children and Young People

- Children and young people (pupils) have a right to:
 - o Contribute to the development of school safeguarding policies
 - Receive help from a trusted adult.
 - Learn how to keep themselves safe by recognising when they are themselves at risk and how to get help when they need it, including online.

5.4 Parents and Carers

- Parents/carers have a responsibility to:
 - o Understand and adhere the relevant school/policies and procedures.
 - Talk to their children about safeguarding issues with their children & support the school in their safeguarding approaches.
 - o Identify behaviours which could indicate that their child is at risk of harm including online and seek help and support from the school, or other agencies.

Parents can obtain a copy of the school Child Protection Policy and other related policies on request and can view them via the school website http://www.lenham.kent.sch.uk/.

A statement in the school's Starting School Pack will inform parents and carers about our school's duties and responsibilities under child protection and safeguarding procedures. The statement is also reproduced on the website.

5. Recognition and Types of Abuse and Neglect

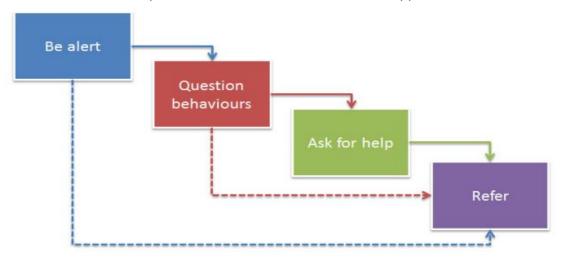
- All staff in school should be aware of the definitions and indicators of abuse and neglect. There are four categories of abuse:
 - Physical abuse

- Sexual abuse
- o Emotional abuse
- Neglect
- Members of staff are aware that child welfare concerns may arise in many different contexts and can vary greatly in terms of their nature and seriousness.
- The warning signs and symptoms of child abuse and neglect can vary from child to child. Children
 also develop and mature at different rates, so what appears to be worrying behaviour for a younger
 child might be normal for an older child.
- Parental behaviors' may also indicate child abuse or neglect, so staff should also be alert to
 parent-child interactions or concerning parental behaviours; this could include parents who are
 under the influence of drugs or alcohol or if there is a sudden change in their mental health.
- By understanding the warning signs, we can respond to problems as early as possible and provide
 the right support and services for the child and their family. It is important to recognise that a
 warning sign doesn't automatically mean a child is being abused.

See Appendix 1 for further details.

6. Safeguarding and Child Protection Procedures

- Lenham Primary School adheres to the KSCB Safeguarding Children Procedures. The full KSCB procedures and additional guidance relating to specific safeguarding issues can be found on the KSCB website www.kscb.org.uk
- All members of staff are expected to be aware of and follow this approach:



- It may not always be appropriate to go through all four stages sequentially and if a child is in immediate danger or is at risk of harm, a request for support should be made immediately to Children's Social Work Services and/or the police.
- The role of the school in situations where there are child protection concerns is NOT to investigate but to recognise and refer.

- The DSL may seek advice or guidance from Area Education Safeguarding Adviser from the Education Safeguarding Team before making a decision regarding next steps. They may also seek advice or guidance from a social worker at the Front Door service.
- All members of staff are made aware of the internal and local early help support services. Where a
 child is being offered or receiving early help support, staff will be supported to understand their role
 in any early help assessment or intervention. This includes identifying emerging problems, liaising
 with other professionals, and in some cases acting as the lead practitioner.
- The DSL will keep all early help cases under constant review and consideration will be given to a
 request for support to the Front Door if the situation does not appear to be improving or is getting
 worse.
- All staff are aware of the process for making request for support referrals for statutory
 assessments under the Children Act 1989, along with the role they might be expected to play in
 such assessments.
- In all but the most exceptional circumstances, parents /carers will be made aware of the concerns for their child at the earliest possible stage. In the event of a request for support to the Front Door being necessary, parents/carers will be informed and consent to this will be sought in line with guidance provided by KSCB, unless there is a valid reason not to do so, for example if to do so would put a child at risk of harm to would undermine a criminal investigation.
- In the absence of the availability of the DSL to discuss an immediate and urgent concern, staff can seek advice from the Deputy DSL. They may also seek advice from the Education Safeguarding Team or via consultation from a Local Authority social worker at the Front Door. If anyone other than the DSL makes a referral to external services, then they will inform the DSL as soon as possible.
- On occasion, staff may pass information about a child to the DSL but remain anxious about action subsequently taken. Staff should feel able to check the progress of a case with the DSL so that they can reassure themselves the child is safe and their welfare is being considered. If following this process, the staff member remains concerned it is the responsibility of that staff member to follow the school's escalation process.
- If a child's situation does not appear to be improving, then the DSL (or the person that made the request for support) will consider re-referral. Professional disagreements (escalation) will be responded to in line with the KSCB procedures and DSLs may request support via the Education Safeguarding Team.

7. Record Keeping

- Staff will record any welfare concern that they have about a child on the school's safeguarding
 incident/concern form (with a body map if injuries have been observed) and pass them without
 delay to the DSL. Records will be completed as soon as possible after the incident/event, using the
 child's words and will be signed and dated by the member of staff.
- All safeguarding concerns, discussions and decisions (and justifications for those decisions) will be recorded in writing. If members of staff are in any doubt about recording requirements, they should discuss their concerns with DSL.
- "GREEN FORMS" (Safeguarding/Incident/Welfare concern forms) are kept in the Study Room on the wall in a plastic wallet.

- Safeguarding records are kept for individual children and are maintained separately from all other
 records relating to the child in the school. Safeguarding records are kept in accordance with data
 protection legislation and are retained centrally and securely by the DSL. Safeguarding records are
 shared with staff on a 'need to know' basis only.
- All safeguarding records will be transferred in accordance with data protection legislation to the child's subsequent school/setting, under confidential and separate cover. These will be given to the new DSL and a receipt of delivery will be obtained.
- Detailed guidance on Record Keeping is found in a separate document "Guidelines for Safeguarding Record Keeping in Schools".
- The Headteacher will be kept informed of any significant issues by the DSL.

8. Multi-agency Working

 Lenham Primary School recognises and is committed to its responsibility to work with other professionals and agencies in line with statutory guidance (WTSC 2018)

Schools are not the investigating agency when there are child protection concerns We will however contribute to the investigation and assessment processes as required. Lenham Primary School recognises the importance of multi-agency working and will support attendance at relevant safeguarding meetings, including Child Protection Conferences, Core Groups, Strategy Meetings, Child in Need meetings or other early help multi-agency meetings.

 The School Leadership Team and DSL will work to establish strong and co-operative relationships with relevant professionals in other agencies.

9. Confidentiality and Information Sharing

- Lenham Primary School recognises that all matters relating to child protection are confidential. The Headteacher or DSL will only disclose information about a pupil to other members of staff on a 'need to know' basis.
- All members of staff must be aware that whilst they have duties to keep any information confidential, they also have a professional responsibility to share information with other agencies to safeguard children.
- All staff must be aware that they cannot promise a child to keep secrets which might compromise the child's safety or wellbeing.

DfE Guidance on Information Sharing (July 2018) provides further detail. This link is available in Staff Share-safeguarding-Supporting documents 2018 and the link is also available in the Safeguarding folder in the Study Room

10. Complaints

 The school has a Complaints Procedure available to parents, pupils and members of staff and visitors who wish to report concerns. This can be found <u>inttp://www.lenham.kent.sch.uk/learn-more/policies/</u> All reported concerns will be taken seriously and considered within the relevant and appropriate process. Anything that constitutes an allegation against a member of staff or volunteer will be dealt with under the specific **Procedures for Managing Allegations against Staff policy.** This can be found *i* This is available in Staff Share-safeguarding-Supporting documents 2018 and a hard copy is also available in the Safeguarding folder in the Study Room

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11. Staff Induction, Awareness and Training

- All members of staff have been provided with a copy of Part One of "Keeping Children Safe in Education" (2018) which covers Safeguarding information for all staff. School leaders will read the entire document. School leaders and all members of staff who work directly with children will access Annex A within Keeping Children Safe in Education 2018. Members of staff have signed to confirm that they have read and understood Part One and Annex A. This is kept in the Single Central Record.
- The DSL will ensure that all new staff and volunteers (including temporary staff) are aware of the school's internal safeguarding processes.
- All staff members (including temporary staff) will receive training to ensure they are aware of a range of safeguarding issues.
- All staff members (including temporary staff) will receive regular safeguarding and child protection updates, at least annually.
- All staff members (including temporary staff) will be made aware of the schools expectations regarding safe and professional practice via the staff code of conduct and Acceptable Use Policy.
- The DSL and Head Teacher will provide an annual report to the Governing Body detailing safeguarding training undertaken by all staff and will maintain up to date register of who has been trained.
- Although the school has a nominated lead for the governing body Ceri Norey, all members of the governing body will access appropriate safeguarding training which covers their specific strategic responsibilities on a regular basis.

12. Safe Working Practice

- All members of staff are required to work within clear guidelines on Safe Working Practice / the school's Code of Conduct.
- Staff should be aware of the school's **Behaviour Management and Physical Intervention Policies**, and any physical interventions must be in line with agreed policy and procedures.
- Staff should be particularly aware of the professional risks associated with the use of social media and electronic communication (email, mobile phones, texting, social network sites etc.) and should adhere to the school's online safety and Acceptable Use policies.

13. Staff Supervision and Support

- Any member of staff affected by issues arising from concerns for children's welfare or safety can seek support from the DSL.
- The induction process will include familiarisation with child protection responsibilities and procedures to be followed if members of staff have any concerns about a child's safety or welfare.
- The school will provide appropriate supervision and support for all members of staff to ensure that:
 - All staff are competent to carry out their responsibilities for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children
 - All staff will be supported by the DSL in their safeguarding role.
 - All members of staff have regular reviews of their own practice to ensure they improve over time.

The DSL will also put staff in touch with outside agencies for professional support if they so wish. Staff can also approach organisations such as their Union, the Education Support Partnership or other similar organisations directly.

The school will ensure that members of staff who are working within the foundation stage are
provided with appropriate supervision in accordance with the statutory requirements of Early Years
Foundation Stage (EYFS) 2017.

14. Safer Recruitment

Lenham Primary School is committed to ensure that develop a safe culture and that all steps are taken to recruit staff and volunteers who are safe to work with our pupils and staff.

- The Governing Body and Leadership Team are responsible for ensuring that the school follows safe recruitment processes outlined within guidance.
 - [Lenham Primary School is responsible for ensuring that the school maintains an accurate Single Central Record (SCR) in line with statutory guidance.
- The Governing Body will ensure that there is at least one of the persons who conducts an interview has completed safer recruitment training.
- We are also committed to supporting the statutory guidance from the Department for Education on the application of the Childcare (Disqualification) Regulations 2009 and related obligations under the Childcare Act 2006 in schools.
- We advise all staff to disclose any reason that may affect their suitability to work with children including convictions, cautions, court orders, cautions, reprimands and warnings.

15. Allegations Against Members of Staff and Volunteers

[Lenham Primary School recognises that it is possible for staff and volunteers to behave in a way that might cause harm to children and takes seriously any allegation received. Such allegations should be referred immediately to the Head Teacher or deputy in their absence who will first contact the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) to agree further action to be taken in respect of the child and staff member. In the event of allegations of abuse being made against the headteacher then staff are advised that allegations should be reported to the Chair of Governors who will contact the LADO in the first instance.

- All staff and volunteers should feel able to raise concerns about poor or unsafe practice and such concerns will always be taken seriously by the senior leadership team.
- All members of staff are made aware of the school's Whistleblowing procedure and that it is a
 disciplinary offence not to report concerns about the conduct of a colleague that could place a child
 at risk. Staff can also access the NSPCC whistleblowing helpline if they do not feel able to raise
 concerns regarding child protection failures internally. Staff can call: 0800 028 0285 (8:00 AM to
 8:00 PM Monday to Friday) or email: help@nspcc.org.uk
- Lenham Primary School has a legal duty to refer to the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) anyone who has harmed, or poses a risk of harm, to a child, or if there is reason to believe the member of staff has committed one of a number of listed offences, and who has been removed from working (paid or unpaid) in regulated activity, or would have been removed had they not left. The DBS will consider whether to bar the person. If these circumstances arise in relation to a member of staff at our school, a referral will be made as soon as possible after the resignation or removal of the individual in accordance with advice from the LADO and/or Schools Personnel Service.

When in doubt - consult

16. Peer on Peer Abuse

- All members of staff at Lenham Primary School recognise that children are capable of abusing their
 peers. Peer on peer abuse can take many forms, including (but not limited to) bullying, cyberbullying,
 gender-based abuse, hazing (initiation type violence), sexually harmful behaviour and violence and
 'sexting'. The setting is mindful that some potential issues may by be affected by the gender, age,
 ability and culture of those involved.
- Lenham Primary School believes that abuse is abuse and it will never be tolerated, dismissed or minimised. Any incidents of peer on peer abuse will be managed in the same way as any other child protection concern in accordance with Kent Safeguarding Children Board procedures.
- Further information about the schools response to specific allegations can be located in our behaviour, anti-bullying and online safety policies.
- The school will respond to cases of "sexting" (or Youth Produced Sexual Imagery) in line with the UKCCIS "<u>Sexting in Schools and Colleges</u>" guidance and <u>KSCB guidance</u>.
 - Further information in relation to the schools approach to "sexting" can be found in the settings online safety policy. http://www.lenham.kent.sch.uk/learn-more/policies/
- Lenham Primary School is aware of and will follow the KSCB procedures (<u>www.kscb.org.uk</u>) for supporting children who are at risk of harm as a result of their own behaviour.

17. Safeguarding Children with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities

- Lenham Primary School acknowledges that children with special educational needs (SEN) and disabilities can face additional safeguarding challenges as they may have an impaired capacity to resist or avoid abuse.
- Lenham Primary School will ensure that children with SEN and disabilities, specifically those with communication difficulties will be supported to ensure that their voice is heard and acted upon.
- Members of staff are encouraged to be aware that children with SEN and disabilities can be
 disproportionally impacted by safeguarding concerns such as bullying. All members of staff will be
 encouraged to appropriately explore possible indicators of abuse such as behaviour/mood change
 or injuries and not to assume that they are related to the child's disability and be aware that
 children with SEN and disabilities may not always outwardly display indicators of abuse.

18. Online Safety

There is additional information in the On-line Safety Policy

- It is recognised by Lenham Primary School that the use of technology presents challenges and risks to children and adults both inside and outside of school.
- The DSL has overall responsibility for online safeguarding within the school.
- Lenham Primary School identifies that the issues can be broadly categorised into three areas of risk:
 - o **content:** being exposed to illegal, inappropriate or harmful material
 - o contact: being subjected to harmful online interaction with other users
 - o **conduct:** personal online behaviour that increases the likelihood of, or causes, harm.
- The DSL and leadership team have read annex C regarding Online Safety within 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' 2018.
- Lenham Primary School recognises the specific risks that can be posed by mobile phones and
 cameras and in accordance with KCSIE 2018 and EYFS 2017 has appropriate policies in place
 that are shared and understood by all members of the school community. Further information
 reading the specific approaches relating to this can be found in the schools Online Safety Policy,
 Acceptable Use Policy and Image Use Policy which can be found in Staff Share supporting
 Documents 2018 and a hard copy is in the Safeguarding file in the Study room.
- Lenham Primary School will ensure that appropriate filtering and monitoring systems are in place when pupils and staff access school systems and internet provision.
- Lenham Primary School acknowledges that whilst filtering and monitoring is an important part of schools online safety responsibilities, it is only one part of our approach to online safety. Pupils and adults may have access to systems external to the school control such as mobile phones and other internet enabled devices and technology and where concerns are identified appropriate action will be taken.
- Lenham Primary School will ensure a comprehensive whole school curriculum response is in place
 to enable all pupils to learn about and manage online risks effectively and will support parents and
 the wider school community (including all members of staff) to become aware and alert to the need
 to keep children safe online.

19. Curriculum and Staying Safe

- We recognise that schools play an essential role in helping children to understand and identify the
 parameters of what is appropriate child and adult behaviour; what is 'safe'; to recognise when they
 and others close to them are not safe; and how to seek advice and support when they are
 concerned.
- Our curriculum provides opportunities for increasing self-awareness, self-esteem, social and emotional understanding, assertiveness and decision making so that students have a range of contacts and strategies to ensure their own protection and that of others. Online safety is integrated into the curriculum.
- Our school systems support children to talk to a range of staff. Children will be listened to and heard and their concerns will be taken seriously and acted upon as appropriate.

20. The Use of School Premises by Other Organisations

- Where services or activities are provided separately by another body using the school premises, the Head Teacher and Governing Body will seek written assurance that the organisation concerned has appropriate policies and procedures in place with regard to safeguarding children and child protection and that relevant safeguarding checks have been made in respect of staff and volunteers.
- If this assurance is not achieved then an application to use premises will be refused.

21. Security

- All members of staff have a responsibility for maintaining awareness of buildings and grounds security and for reporting concerns that may come to light.
- Appropriate checks will be undertaken in respect of visitors and volunteers coming into school as
 outlined within guidance. Visitors will be expected to sign in and out via the office visitors log and to
 display a visitors badge whilst on school site. Any individual who is not known or identifiable should
 be challenged for clarification and reassurance.
- The school will not accept the behaviour of any individual (parent or other) that threatens school security or leads others (child or adult) to feel unsafe. Such behaviour will be treated as a serious concern and may result in a decision to refuse access for that individual to the school site.

22. Monitoring and Review

- All school staff (including temporary staff and volunteers) will have access to a copy of this policy. The policy will also be available to parents/carers.
- The policy forms part of our school development plan and will be reviewed annually.

23. Local Support

- All members of staff in Lenham Primary School are made aware of local support available
 - Contact details for Area Safeguarding Adviser (Education Safeguarding Team)
 - Insert local details here: www.kelsi.org.uk/support-for-children-and-young-people/child-protection-and-safeguarding/safeguarding-contacts

o Contact details for Online Safety in the Education Safeguarding Team

- Rebecca Avery, Education Safeguarding Adviser (Online Protection):
- Ashley Assiter, e-Safety Development Officer
- **03000 415797**
- esafetyofficer@kent.gov.uk (non-urgent issues only)

Contact details for the LADO

- Telephone: 03000 410888
- Email: kentchildrenslado@kent.gov.uk

Childrens Social Work Services

- Central Duty Team: 03000 411111Out of Hours Number: 03000 419191
- Kent Police
 - 101 (or 999 if there is an immediate risk of harm)
- Kent Safeguarding Children Board (KSCB)
 - kscb@kent.gov.uk
 - 03000 421126

24. National Support

Support for staff

- Education Support Partnership: www.educationsupportpartnership.org.uk
- Professional Online Safety Helpline: www.saferinternet.org.uk/helpline

Support for Pupils

- NSPCC: www.nspcc.org.uk
- ChildLine: www.childline.org.uk
- Papyrus: www.papyrus-uk.org
- Young Minds: www.youngminds.org.uk
- The Mix: www.themix.org.uk

Support for adults

- Family Lives: <u>www.familylives.org.uk</u>
- Crime Stoppers: www.crimestoppers-uk.org
- Victim Support: www.victimsupport.org.uk
- Kidscape: www.kidscape.org.uk
- The Samaritans: www.samaritans.org
- Mind: www.mind.org.uk
- NAPAC (National Association for People Abused in Childhood): napac.org.uk
- MOSAC: <u>www.mosac.org.uk</u>

Action Fraud: www.actionfraud.police.uk

Support for Learning Disabilities

Respond: <u>www.respond.org.uk</u>Mencap: <u>www.mencap.org.uk</u>

Domestic Abuse

• Refuge: <u>www.refuge.org.uk</u>

• Women's Aid: www.womensaid.org.uk

Men's Advice Line: www.mensadviceline.org.uk

• Mankind: www.mankindcounselling.org.uk

Honour based Violence

• Forced Marriage Unit: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/forced-marriage

Sexual Abuse and CSE

Lucy Faithfull Foundation: www.lucyfaithfull.org.uk

• Stop it Now!: <u>www.stopitnow.org.uk</u>

Parents Protect: www.parentsprotect.co.uk

• CEOP: www.ceop.police.uk

• Marie Collins Foundation: <u>www.mar</u>iecollinsfoundation.org.uk

Internet Watch Foundation (IWF): www.iwf.org.uk

Online Safety

Childnet International: www.childnet.com

UK Safer Internet Centre: www.saferinternet.org.uk

• Parents Info: www.parentinfo.org

Internet Matters: www.internetmatters.org

Net Aware: <u>www.net-aware.org.uk</u>

• ParentPort: www.parentport.org.uk

Get safe Online: www.getsafeonline.org

Radicalisation and hate

• Educate against Hate: <u>www.educateagainsthate.com</u>

Counter Terrorism Internet Referral Unit: www.gov.uk/report-terrorism

• True Vision: <u>www.report-it.org.uk</u>

Appendix 1: Categories of Abuse

All staff should be aware that abuse, neglect and safeguarding issues are rarely standalone events that can be covered by one definition or label. In most cases multiple issues will overlap with one another.

Abuse: a form of maltreatment of a child. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm, or by failing to act to prevent harm. They may be abused by an adult or adults or another child or children. It should be noted that abuse can be carried out both on and offline and be perpetrated by men, women and children. All members of staff should read and understand part one of 'Keeping children safe in education' 2016 and staff who have direct contact with pupils n should also read annex A.

Sexual abuse: involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving a high level of violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact, including assault by penetration (for example rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing and touching outside of clothing. They may also include non-contact activities, such as involving children in looking at, or in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways, or grooming a child in preparation for abuse (including via the internet). Sexual abuse is not solely perpetrated by adult males. Women can also commit acts of sexual abuse, as can other children.

Signs that MAY INDICATE Sexual Abuse

- Sudden changes in behaviour and school performance
- Displays of affection which are sexual and age inappropriate
- Self-harm, self-mutilation or attempts at suicide
- Alluding to secrets which they cannot reveal
- Tendency to cling or need constant reassurance
- Regression to younger behaviour for example thumb sucking, playing with discarded toys, acting like a baby
- Distrust of familiar adults e.g. anxiety of being left with relatives, a child minder or lodger
- Unexplained gifts or money
- Depression and withdrawal
- Fear of undressing for PE
- Sexually transmitted disease
- Fire setting

Physical abuse: a form of abuse which may involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning or scalding, drowning, suffocating or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces, illness in a child.

Signs that MAY INDICATE physical abuse

- Bruises and abrasions around the face
- Damage or injury around the mouth
- Bi-lateral injuries such as two bruised eyes
- Bruising to soft area of the face such as the cheeks
- Fingertip bruising to the front or back of torso
- Bite marks
- Burns or scalds (unusual patterns and spread of injuries)
- Deep contact burns such as cigarette burns
- Injuries suggesting beatings (strap marks, welts)
- Covering arms and legs even when hot
- Aggressive behaviour or severe temper outbursts.

• Injuries need to be accounted for. Inadequate, inconsistent or excessively plausible explanations or a delay in seeking treatment should signal concern.

Emotional abuse: the persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and adverse effects on the child's emotional development. It may involve conveying to a child that they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meet the needs of another person. It may include not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or 'making fun' of what they say or how they communicate. It may feature age or developmentally inappropriate expectations being imposed on children. These may include interactions that are beyond a child's developmental capability as well as overprotection and limitation of exploration and learning, or preventing the child participating in normal social interaction. It may involve seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another. It may involve serious bullying (including cyberbullying), causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger, or the exploitation or corruption of children. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, although it may occur alone.

Signs that MAY INDICATE emotional abuse

- Over reaction to mistakes
- Lack of self-confidence/esteem
- Sudden speech disorders
- Self-harming
- Eating Disorders
- Extremes of passivity and/or aggression
- Compulsive stealing
- Drug, alcohol, solvent abuse
- Fear of parents being contacted
- Unwillingness or inability to play
- Excessive need for approval, attention and affection

Neglect: the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child's health or development. Neglect may occur during pregnancy as a result of maternal substance abuse. Once a child is born, neglect may involve a parent or carer failing to: provide adequate food, clothing and shelter (including exclusion from home or abandonment); protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger; ensure adequate supervision (including the use of inadequate care-givers); or ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness to, a child's basic emotional needs.

Signs that MAY INDICATE neglect.

- Constant hunger
- Poor personal hygiene
- Constant tiredness
- Inadequate clothing
- Frequent lateness or non-attendance at School
- Untreated medical problems
- Poor relationship with peers
- Compulsive stealing and scavenging
- Rocking, hair twisting and thumb sucking
- Running away
- Loss of weight or being constantly underweight
- Low self esteem

Appendix 2: Specific Safeguarding Issues (Also See Annex A of Keeping Children Safe in Education 2018)

Children Missing Education

Lenham Primary School recognises that all children, regardless of their circumstances, are entitled to a full time education which is suitable to their age, ability, aptitude and any special educational needs they may have. Lenham Primary School is aware that a child going missing from education is a potential indicator of abuse or neglect.

Lenham Primary School has a procedure in place for responding to unauthorised absence and for dealing with children that go missing from education, particularly on repeat occasions, to help identify the risk of abuse and neglect, including sexual exploitation, and to help prevent the risks of their going missing in future. For further information, please access the schools policy and procedures regarding **attendance** and **inclusion**.

Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE)

All Lenham Primary School staff at have been made aware of the revised definition of Child Sexual Exploitation, as issued in the Department for Education in February 2017 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/child-sexual-exploitation-definition-and-guide-for-practitioners

'Child sexual exploitation is a form of child sexual abuse. It occurs where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance of power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child or young person under the age of 18 into sexual activity (a) in exchange for something the victim needs or wants, and/or (b) for the financial advantage or increased status of the perpetrator or facilitator. The victim may have been sexually exploited even if the sexual activity appears consensual. Child sexual exploitation does not always involve physical contact; it can also occur through the use of technology.'

Lenham Primary School identifies that CSE involves exploitative situations, contexts and relationships where young people receive something (for example food, accommodation, drugs, alcohol, gifts, money or in some cases simply affection) as a result of engaging in sexual activities.

Every member of staff at Lenham Primary School recognises that children at risk of CSE need to be identified and issues relating to CSE should be approached in the same way as protecting children from other risks. They are aware that sexual exploitation can take many forms ranging from the seemingly 'consensual' relationship where sex is exchanged for affection or gifts, to serious organised crime by gangs and groups. What marks out exploitation is an imbalance of power in the relationship. The perpetrator always holds some kind of power over the victim which increases as the exploitative relationship develops. Sexual exploitation may involve varying degrees of coercion, intimidation or enticement, including unwanted pressure from peers to have sex, sexting, sexual bullying including cyberbullying and grooming. However, it also important to recognise that some young people who are being sexually exploited do not exhibit any external signs of this abuse or recognise this as abusive.

'Honour based' violence

Members of staff at Lenham Primary School are aware that 'Honour-based' violence (HBV) encompasses a range of crimes which have been committed to protect or defend the honour of the

family and/or the community, including Female Genital Mutilation (FGM), forced marriage, and practices such as breast ironing.

The indicators of HBV and associated factors will be covered with staff within the school safeguarding training. All members of staff are alert to the possibility of a child being at risk of HBV, or already having suffered HBV. All members of staff are aware that all forms of HBV are abuse (regardless of the motivation) and will be handled and escalated as such. Staff will speak with DSL if they are concerned about HBV.

The DSL will complete the FGM e-Learning package (https://www.fgmelearning.co.uk/). The DSL will also ensure that information and training is made available as appropriate to all members of staff. This includes:

- "FGM The Facts": <u>www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/482799/6_1587_HO_MT_Updates_to_the_FGM_The_Facts_WEB.pdf</u>
- "FGM an Overview:" http://www.local.gov.uk/sites/default/files/documents/what-fgm-2dd.pdf

All members of staff will follow the school and KSCB procedures, using existing national and local protocols for multi-agency liaison with police and children's social care.

Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) mandatory reporting duty

Teachers must personally report to the police cases where they discover that an act of FGM appears to have been carried out. Unless the teacher has a good reason not to, they should also still consider and discuss any such case with the DSL and involve children's social care as appropriate. The duty does not apply in relation to at risk or suspected cases (i.e. where the teacher does not discover that an act of FGM appears to have been carried out, either through disclosure by the victim or visual evidence) or in cases where the woman is 18 or over. In these cases, teachers should follow local safeguarding procedures. Summary of the FGM mandatory reporting duty

Forced Marriage

The Forced Marriage Unit has published Multi-agency guidelines, with pages 32-36 focusing on the role of schools and colleges. Staff should report concerns regarding forced marriage to the DSL or can contact the Forced Marriage Unit if they need advice or information. Contact: 020 7008 0151 or email: fmu@fco.gov.uk

Radicalisation

Lenham Primary School recognises that exposure of children (and adults) to extremist ideology can hinder their social development and educational attainment alongside posing a very real risk that they could support or partake in an act of violence. Radicalisation of young people can be compared to grooming for sexual exploitation.

Lenham Primary School will ensure all members of staff complete an approved training package which includes guidance on how to identify people who may be vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism, and how to refer them into the Channel process. This could include the NCALT e-Learning http://course.ncalt.com/Channel_General_Awareness/01/index.html or Home Office training on Prevent https://www.elearning.prevent.homeoffice.gov.uk/. The DSL will attend additional training which includes further information on the Prevent Duty.

Every member of staff at Lenham Primary School recognises that children exposed to radicalisation and extremism is no different to safeguarding against any other vulnerability and should be approached in the same way as protecting children from other risks. All members of the community at Lenham Primary School will report concerns regarding radicalisation and extremism to the DSL who will follow local and national guidance.

Additional information about responding to radicalisation and extremism online can be found in the schools Online Safety Policy.

Appendix 3: Keeping yourself safe when responding to disclosures (the 6 R's – what to do if...)

1. Receive

- Keep calm
- Listen to what is being said without displaying shock or disbelief
- Take what is being said to you seriously
- Note down what has been said

2. Respond

- Reassure the pupil that they have done the right thing in talking to you
- Be honest and do not make promises you cannot keep e.g. "It will be alright now"
- Do not promise confidentiality; you have a duty to refer
- Reassure and alleviate guilt, if the pupil refers to it e.g. "you're not to blame"
- Reassure the child that information will only be shared with those who need to know

3. React

- React to the pupil only as far as is necessary for you to establish whether or not you need to refer the matter, but do not interrogate for full details
- **Do not** ask leading questions; "Did he/she....?" Such questions can invalidate evidence.
- **Do** ask open "TED" questions; Tell, explain, describe
- Do not criticise the perpetrator; the pupil may have affection for him/her
- Do not ask the pupil to repeat it all for another member of staff
- Explain what you have to do next and who you have to talk to

4. Record

- Make some brief notes at the time on any paper which comes to hand and write them up as soon as possible
- Do not destroy your original notes
- Record the date, time, place, any non-verbal behaviour and the words used by the child. Always ensure that as far as possible you have recorded the actual words used by the child.
- Record statements and observable things rather than your interpretations or assumptions

5. Remember

- Contact the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)
- The DSL may be required to make appropriate records available to other agencies
- KSCB: www.kscb.org.uk

6. Relax

• Get some support for yourself, dealing with disclosures can be traumatic for professionals

Appendix 4: National Support Organisations

Support for staff

- Education Support Partnership: www.educationsupportpartnership.org.uk
- Professional Online Safety Helpline: www.saferinternet.org.uk/helpline

Support for Pupils

- NSPCC: www.nspcc.org.uk
- ChildLine: www.childline.org.uk
- Papyrus: www.papyrus-uk.org
- Young Minds: <u>www.youngminds.org.uk</u>
- The Mix: www.themix.org.uk

Support for adults

- Family Lives: www.familylives.org.uk
- Crime Stoppers: www.crimestoppers-uk.org
- Victim Support: www.victimsupport.org.uk
- Kidscape: www.kidscape.org.uk
- The Samaritans: www.samaritans.org
- Mind: <u>www.mind.org.uk</u>
- NAPAC (National Association for People Abused in Childhood): www.napac.org.uk
- MOSAC: www.mosac.org.uk
- Action Fraud: www.actionfraud.police.uk

Support for Learning Disabilities

- Respond: www.respond.org.uk
- Mencap: www.mencap.org.uk

Domestic Abuse

- Refuge: www.refuge.org.uk
- Women's Aid: www.womensaid.org.uk
- Men's Advice Line: www.mensadviceline.org.uk
- Mankind: www.mankindcounselling.org.uk

Honour based Violence

Forced Marriage Unit: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/forced-marriage

Sexual Abuse and CSE

- Lucy Faithfull Foundation: www.lucyfaithfull.org.uk
- Stop it Now!: www.stopitnow.org.uk
- Parents Protect: www.parentsprotect.co.uk
- CEOP: <u>www.ceop.police.uk</u>
- Marie Collins Foundation: www.mariecollinsfoundation.org.uk
- Internet Watch Foundation (IWF): www.iwf.org.uk

Online Safety

- Childnet International: www.childnet.com
- UK Safer Internet Centre: www.saferinternet.org.uk
- Parents Info: www.parentinfo.org

• Internet Matters: <u>www.internetmatters.org</u>

Net Aware: www.net-aware.org.uk
 ParentPort: www.parentport.org.uk
 Get safe Online: www.getsafeonline.org

Radicalisation and hate

• Educate against Hate: www.educateagainsthate.com

• Counter Terrorism Internet Referral Unit: www.gov.uk/report-terrorism

• True Vision: www.report-it.org.uk